

Five sentences have been removed from the text. Choose from the sentences A-F the one which best fits each gap (1-5). There is one extra sentence, which you do not need to use.

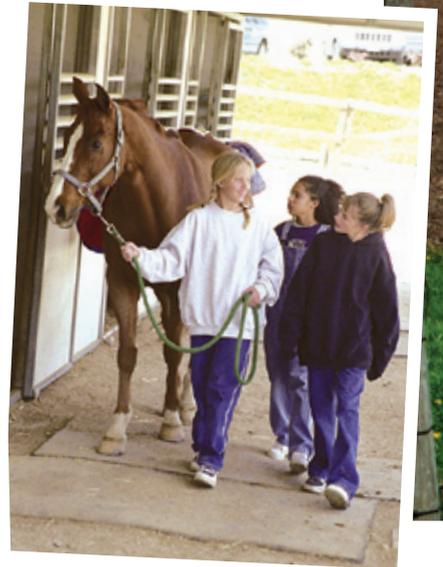
## Work or play?

These days, people are very concerned about how they can help the environment. Agritourism is a great way to give back to the environment, and have fun at the same time. (1) \_\_\_\_ Its main goal is for the tourist to become a part of the land and local culture without damaging it. Popular venues for Agritourism are farms or ranches. (2) \_\_\_\_ Few tourist destinations offer an eco-friendly option for visitors. This makes Agritourism a popular option for people who want to make a change to the environment.

People who choose farms or vineyards for their holiday destination get to relax in the natural splendour of the area, but also do work that is meaningful and rewarding. (3) \_\_\_\_ In fact, on many farms you can also take some fruit and vegetables home with you. Or, if you do arts and crafts, such as carving a wooden statue, you get to keep it. (4) \_\_\_\_

When choosing a ranch, tourists get to learn a lot about how to take care of animals, like cows or horses. Many ranch owners love having agri-tourists. (5) \_\_\_\_ Last but not least, agri-tourists become more health conscious and have the opportunity to find out where the food they consume comes from.

Agritourism helps promote local economies and boost tourism, but the main factor is that it is a very 'green' way of holidays that does little harm to the environment.



- A. It gives them a chance to show people what they do on their ranches, as well as having them help out with the tasks they have to do.
- B. This way, people are able to experience nature and farm animals first-hand.
- C. Sometimes tourists also organise exhibitions with some of the things they make during their holidays.
- D. Some of the activities include planting flowers and vegetables, landscaping, picking fruit from trees and doing arts and crafts.
- E. Agritourism is a branch of ecotourism where people go on holiday that do as little harm to the environment as possible.
- F. Other common activities include tasting local food and recipes, going hiking and horse riding, as well as learning about local environmental issues.