

## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 1.1 question forms

1 Complete the questions with the words in the box.

about are did does for happened  
has have is were

- 1 Who \_\_\_\_\_ you see at the party last night?
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ she like tea?
- 3 What are you looking \_\_\_\_\_?
- 4 When \_\_\_\_\_ you going on holiday?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ you ever been to Italy?
- 6 Where \_\_\_\_\_ my pen?
- 7 Where \_\_\_\_\_ she gone?
- 8 What \_\_\_\_\_ you doing at 10.30 last night?
- 9 Who are you talking \_\_\_\_\_?
- 10 This place is a mess! What \_\_\_\_\_?

2 Find and correct the mistakes. There is one mistake in each question.

- 1 Where are you work?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Who did write *Crime and Punishment*?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Where are she staying?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Why do you late?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Where you met Chris?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 She speaks German?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 How many jobs have you applied?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 When they are arriving?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 What did you saw at the cinema?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 Did you ever eaten octopus?  
\_\_\_\_\_

3 Match answers a)–j) with questions 1–10 in Exercise 2.

- a) Dostoevsky.
- b) About six o'clock.
- c) Only a little.
- d) In an office.
- e) We met at a party.
- f) A really boring film.
- g) With her cousin in London.
- h) Yes. I had it once in Spain but I didn't like it.
- i) Because of the traffic.
- j) Four, and I haven't heard anything yet.

## 1.2 review of verb tenses

- 1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.
  - 1 What *did you do/were you doing* at 8.30 last night?
  - 2 Kerry *knows/is knowing* James very well.
  - 3 Fay *didn't go/doesn't go* to work yesterday.
  - 4 We *have/'re having* lunch at the moment. Can I call you back?
  - 5 I *think/'m thinking* of changing my course at university.
  - 6 *Do you have/Are you having* a good time?
  - 7 I *didn't see/wasn't seeing* Jill at work today. Is she OK?
  - 8 I *left/was leaving* my job six years ago.
  - 9 Why *did he be/was he being* so nice yesterday?
  - 10 I *didn't see/wasn't seeing* why it was so important.
  - 11 When I was 10, I *broke/was breaking* my leg in an accident.
  - 12 I *live/'m living* with my brother while I look for a new flat.
  - 13 What's wrong with Charlotte? She *doesn't seem/isn't seeming* very happy.
  - 14 Pat *met/was meeting* Jill at university.
  - 15 Excuse me, *do you know/are you knowing* what time it is?
- 2 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
  - 1 isn't / the / studying / moment / Anya / at / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 to / this / Sally / belongs / book / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 know / speak / I / Russian / didn't / you / could / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 do / jacket / like / new / my / you / ?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 you / talking / we / about / weren't / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 this / not / about / happy / I'm / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 7 speaking / sister / not / I'm / to / my / moment / the / at / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 8 university / Andressa / studying / met / at / while / were / we / I / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 9 very / like / don't / much / their / they / house / new / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 10 came / what / talking / in / when / you / I / were / about / ?  
\_\_\_\_\_



## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 2.1 present perfect/past simple

- 1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

## Conversation 1

A: How was your holiday last month, Pam?

<sup>1</sup>Did you go/Have you been anywhere nice?

B: Yes, we <sup>2</sup>went/'ve been to Paris for two weeks.

A: Oh, I <sup>3</sup>went/'ve been to Paris.

B: Really? When <sup>4</sup>did you go/have you been?

A: Last summer. We <sup>5</sup>went/'ve been there by Eurostar.

B: That sounds nice. I <sup>6</sup>didn't travel/'ve never travelled by Eurostar.

## Conversation 2

A: Which film shall we watch tonight then, *The Wanted 2*?

B: Nah, <sup>7</sup>I saw/'ve seen that.

A: Really? When <sup>8</sup>did you see/have you seen it?

B: Oh, I don't know. Ages ago.

A: But it only <sup>9</sup>came out/has come out yesterday!

B: Ah, that's right. I meant I <sup>10</sup>already saw/'ve already seen the first one.

- 2 Complete the sentences with the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in the brackets.

1 Last night I \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) a really good film on TV.

2 Sara and Dan \_\_\_\_\_ (know) each other for years.

3 I \_\_\_\_\_ (never try) jackfruit.

4 We \_\_\_\_\_ (see) Jake last night. He looked really healthy.

5 Can you give me five minutes? I \_\_\_\_\_ (just get) home.

6 \_\_\_\_\_ (you call) the dentist yet?

7 \_\_\_\_\_ (she hear) from Leo recently?

8 I \_\_\_\_\_ (live) with my parents until I went to university.

- 3 Find and correct the mistakes. There is one mistake in each question.

1 I've never went to China.

2 We've watch a lot of films recently.

3 James never visited Scotland.

4 Shahla has yet eaten.

5 Have you never been in a helicopter?

6 Jan isn't here – she's been home.

7 We didn't saw the Eiffel Tower in Paris.

8 How long she has lived in Morocco?

## 2.2 narrative tenses

- 1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the story.

I remember it very clearly. It was a cold night and it <sup>1</sup>rained/was raining heavily outside. I <sup>2</sup>did/was doing the washing-up in the kitchen when my daughter <sup>3</sup>called/was calling through from the living room with the result: Barack Obama <sup>4</sup>became/had become the first African-American president of the United States. We <sup>5</sup>were following/had followed his campaign closely and we were really happy when we <sup>6</sup>had heard/heard the news. Whether you agreed with his politics or not, it was a very important event for world politics.

- 2 Match 1–10 with a)–j) to make sentences.

1 We were having lunch

2 I was late for school because

3 While Suzanne was collecting the dirty dishes,

4 When she got to her car she realised

5 I got out of bed and

6 Frank met Paula

7 It was a beautiful day,

8 I'd never tried sushi

9 I sat down in the café

10 I felt terrible

a) she'd lost her keys.

b) when somebody called.

c) until I went to Japan.

d) and ordered a cappuccino.

e) because my girlfriend had split up with me.

f) when they were working together at the pizza parlour.

g) she dropped a glass on the floor.

h) I'd missed my bus.

i) the sun was shining and the waves were crashing on the beach.

j) jumped in the shower.

- 3** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) some interesting people while we \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) in Thailand.
  - As soon as I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) home I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed.
  - She took her phone out and \_\_\_\_\_ (see) that she \_\_\_\_\_ (miss) twenty-two calls.
  - Somebody \_\_\_\_\_ (steal) my bag while I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch in a café.
  - When I \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) at the restaurant, the others \_\_\_\_\_ (eat).
  - He \_\_\_\_\_ (switch) the TV off before he \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed.
  - In the meeting, Paulette \_\_\_\_\_ (realise) she \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) her folder.
  - When I \_\_\_\_\_ (open) the curtains, I saw it \_\_\_\_\_ (snow) in the night.

### 2.3 telling a story

- 1** Put the underlined words in the correct order to complete the conversations.
- A:** beginning / in / the, they were all stuck on a desert island.

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** happened / next / what?

\_\_\_\_\_
  - A:** of / and / a / all / then, / sudden, she stood up and started singing!

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** funny / that's / really!

\_\_\_\_\_
  - A:** the / end / in, we all just went home.

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** must / joking / you / be.

\_\_\_\_\_
  - A:** when / happened / this I was working on a cruise ship.

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** do / what / you / did?

\_\_\_\_\_
  - A:** knew / thing / the / I / next, we were hanging upside down!

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** embarrassing / how!

\_\_\_\_\_
  - A:** long / before, we realised we were in the wrong room.

\_\_\_\_\_

**B:** believe / I / it / don't!

\_\_\_\_\_

### Consolidation

- 1** Complete the conversation using the prompts in brackets.
- A:** <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (ever / tell) you the story about my exam at university?
- B:** No, what <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (happen)?
- A:** Well, this happened when I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) at the end of my first year. We had to take exams in each subject to be able to continue to the next year. I was in my maths exam, and I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / really / study) for it.
- B:** Really? Why not?
- A:** It was one of the subjects I had to take but didn't really want to continue.
- B:** Ah, OK.
- A:** So, while I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (look) through the question paper I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (realise) that I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not know) any of it. I had no idea how to answer the questions.
- B:** <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (dear).
- A:** Exactly. But then, <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (all / sudden), I <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (see) another piece of paper under the exam paper. I think the professor <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) it there by mistake. Anyway, on it were all of the answers to the exam!
- B:** Wow! What <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (do)?
- A:** Well, I know it's awful, but I used it!
- B:** I <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / believe).
- A:** I know. I felt so bad, and I <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (never / cheat) in an exam since then! Anyway, the funny thing is, <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (in / end) I went on to major in maths and do really well! And it makes me think, perhaps my professor didn't leave the answers there accidentally ...



## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 3.1 the future (plans)

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

1 A: What are your plans for the weekend?

B: I'm not sure. I *might go*/*'m going* to a party.

2 A: Are you on holiday next week?

B: Yes! We *'ll stay*/*'re staying* on one of the Greek islands.

3 A: Are you ready to order sir?

B: Yes, I *might have*/*'ll have* the chicken, please.

4 A: Have you got any new year's resolutions?

B: Yes, I *'ll learn*/*'m going to* learn a new language!

5 A: Can I order a taxi for tomorrow morning, please?

B: Of course. What time *might you leave*/*are you leaving*?

6 A: Do you want to play cards?

B: No, sorry, I'm really tired. I think I *'ll just go*/*'m just going* to bed.

7 A: Do you want to do something on Sunday?

B: Sure. I *'ll meet*/*'m meeting* my mum for lunch, but we could do something after that.

8 A: What time should we get there?

B: Well, the other guests *are going to come*/*are coming* about eight.

2 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

1 Maybe I'll go to the cinema tonight. (might)

I \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Adam doesn't plan to have lunch today. (going)

Adam \_\_\_\_\_.

3 I've just decided not to take a taxi. It's too expensive. (won't)

I \_\_\_\_\_.

4 We've arranged to play tennis on Saturday. (are)

We \_\_\_\_\_.

5 I'm not sure about going to the party tonight. (not)

I \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Sally hasn't arranged to come to the concert with us. (isn't)

Sally \_\_\_\_\_.

7 I've just decided to have a sandwich. (think)

I \_\_\_\_\_.

8 They don't plan to do anything this weekend. (aren't)

They \_\_\_\_\_.

## 3.2 the future (predictions)

1 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 she'll / Rita / the / hopes / job / get / .

2 tonight / you / early / home / be / are / to / likely / ?

3 this / not / might / holiday / on / go / to / be / able / year / we / .

4 league / Arsenal / win / year / this / probably / won't / the / .

5 arrive / likely / they're / be / when / to / tired / very / they / .

6 train tickets / year / probably / more / get / this / expensive / going / to / more / are / .

7 unlikely / 5.00 / there / we're / get / before / to / .

8 future / will / people / more / the / in / work / home / from / .

2 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

1 The banking crisis *probably/could* cause a rise in unemployment.

2 It *will probably/probably will* rain this afternoon.

3 She's *unlikely to pass/unlikely will pass* her exam next week.

4 I *don't think/won't think* Tania will be there tonight.

5 I sent it today, so it's likely *be/to be* there at the end of the week.

6 Look at the time! We *'re going to/'ll be* late!

7 They *might/could* not like what we offer, so we should have a plan B.

8 We only have an hour, so it *'s not going to be/might not be* easy to finish it on time.

9 *Are/Might* you likely to want dinner when you get home tonight?

10 Most technology *is going probably/is probably going* to get cheaper in the next few years.

11 She *probably/may* lose her job in the new year.

12 I'm sure you *'ll/might* be happier in your new place.

### 3.3 dealing with misunderstandings

**1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- 1 I don't get *what/that* you're saying.
- 2 Could you *say/repeat* the last thing you said?
- 3 What *exactly/really* do you mean?
- 4 You've *lost/got* me.
- 5 In other *sentences/words*, you've lost it.
- 6 I *didn't/'m not* catch any of that.
- 7 Do you *want/mean* to tell me it's been cancelled?
- 8 So you're *telling/saying* you might not be able to make it.

**2** Use the prompts to complete the conversations.

- 1 **A:** There are no more flights today, sir.  
**B:** mean / tell me / that we're stuck here?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 **A:** We need to invest more to stay in the market.  
**B:** not get / what / say.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 **A:** I've been really busy, and I've had lots of problems at home, and ...  
**B:** other / words, / you didn't do your homework.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 **A:** Your contact is Ardal O'Brady. Call him if you have any problems.  
**B:** repeat / name / said / ?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 **A:** You have to use a five-digit code to access the account.  
**B:** what / exactly / mean / ? / I don't have a code.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 **A:** At the end of the road, turn left, then keep going until the roundabout, where you need to take the third exit.  
**B:** Wait. / lost / me / Where do I turn?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 **A:** We'll meet you at six in arrivals, by the cash machines.  
**B:** Sorry. / not / catch / any / that / It's a bad line.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 **A:** Taxis are really expensive here.  
**B:** so what / mean / it's better to get a bus, right?  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Consolidation

**1** Circle the correct options to complete the conversation.

- A:** Have you got any plans for next year, Kate?  
<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ anything big?
- B:** Well, nothing really big, but I have got plans. First,  
<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ cycling to work.
- A:** Really? That <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a good idea. Did you know  
<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a new bridge near your office? It's  
<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to get more dangerous.
- B:** I don't <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ what you're saying.
- A:** Well, with all the building work, there are  
<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ more big lorries on the main road. So  
in other <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, it will be more dangerous for  
cycling.
- B:** Hmm. OK, well <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a different route then. I'm  
sure <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ fine. What about you? Have you got  
any plans?
- A:** I'm not sure yet, I <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ looking for a new job.
- B:** Oh, really? <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you say you were really happy  
there?
- A:** Yes, but my boss <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ next month, she has  
a new job. I get on really well with her, so it's a  
shame.
- B:** Oh, so you're <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you might not get on with  
the new boss.
- A:** Yes, exactly. But I think <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ and see what he  
or she is like first.
- |                         |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 a) Will you do        | b) Are you going to do  | c) You are going to do  |
| 2 a) I'm going to start | b) I'll start           | c) I start              |
| 3 a) 'll maybe not be   | b) might be be not      | c) might not            |
| 4 a) they'll build      | b) they might build     | c) they're building     |
| 5 a) likely             | b) probably             | c) unlikely             |
| 6 a) feel               | b) get                  | c) imagine              |
| 7 a) probably will      | b) probably going to be | c) going probably to be |
| 8 a) meaning            | b) tell                 | c) words                |
| 9 a) I'll take          | b) I'm taking           | c) take maybe           |
| 10 a) it'll             | b) it'll be             | c) it might be          |
| 11 a) maybe start       | b) 'm starting          | c) might start          |
| 12 a) Didn't            | b) Wouldn't             | c) Do                   |
| 13 a) will leave        | b) is leaving           | c) is unlikely to leave |
| 14 a) saying            | b) telling              | c) think                |
| 15 a) I'm waiting       | b) I wait               | c) I'll wait            |

## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

4.1 *must, have to, should* (obligation)

- 1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversation.
- A:** What's your new boss like, Gail?
- B:** Well, I know I <sup>1</sup>*should/shouldn't* say this, but she's a bit strange.
- A:** Why's that? <sup>2</sup>*Do you have to/Must you* work very hard?
- B:** Oh no, it's just that she has some strange rules.
- A:** Like what?
- B:** Well, for example, we <sup>3</sup>*don't have to/mustn't* wear anything blue. It's unlucky for her.
- A:** Really? She <sup>4</sup>*has to/shouldn't* tell you what to wear.
- B:** I know! But it's not all bad. We <sup>5</sup>*have to/don't have to* work on Saturday any more. She thinks the weekend <sup>6</sup>*must/should* be a time for rest.
- A:** True! Oh, that reminds me. I <sup>7</sup>*must/mustn't* book my holiday this weekend.
- B:** Yes, you <sup>8</sup>*don't have to/have to* do it soon or you won't get the discount for booking early.

**2** Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

- It's not necessary to be rich to be happy. (don't)  
You \_\_\_\_\_.
- It's very important to me to do more exercise. (must)  
I \_\_\_\_\_.
- It's not a good idea to gossip at work. (shouldn't)  
You \_\_\_\_\_.
- You can't park in front of the exit. (mustn't)  
You \_\_\_\_\_.
- It's important to get there early if we want to get good seats. (have)  
We \_\_\_\_\_.
- I think it's a good idea for Kerry to apologise. (should)  
Kerry \_\_\_\_\_.
- It was necessary for us to wear a uniform at school. (had)  
We \_\_\_\_\_.
- Do you think it's a good idea for me to get him a present? (should)  
Do \_\_\_\_\_.

4.2 *used to, would*

- 1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the text. If both are possible, choose *would*.

When I was a child, I <sup>1</sup>*would/used to* sometimes go to work with my dad. He <sup>2</sup>*would/used to* be a travelling salesman, and we <sup>3</sup>*would/used to* drive hundreds of miles each day in the car for meetings in different parts of the country. You might think it was boring for me as a young child, but I <sup>4</sup>*would/used to* love it. I <sup>5</sup>*would/used to* go into the meetings with my dad, and sit there quietly drawing a picture or reading a comic. And the people in the meetings were always nice to me. They <sup>6</sup>*would/used to* play with me or tell me jokes. I also spent a lot of time with my dad, and I have good memories of that. On the day I <sup>7</sup>*used to start/started* school and couldn't go with him any more, I <sup>8</sup>*used to be/was* really sad.



- 2** Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

be didn't don't never to use used  
watch went would

- I \_\_\_\_\_ to love cream when I was little. Now I can't stand it!
- We \_\_\_\_\_ to Morocco last summer for a holiday.
- Did they \_\_\_\_\_ to live in the same street?
- My grandmother \_\_\_\_\_ always give us sweets when we saw her.
- Kieran \_\_\_\_\_ used to do much sport when he was younger.
- I used to love going camping, but I \_\_\_\_\_ any more.
- Did you use \_\_\_\_\_ play any instruments when you were younger?
- When I was little I would \_\_\_\_\_ TV every Saturday morning.
- Cara \_\_\_\_\_ use to do her homework, but these days she always does.
- Is that Amanda? Didn't she use to \_\_\_\_\_ really shy?

## 4.3 reaching agreement

## 1 Match 1–12 with a)–l) to make sentences.

- 1 I really feel
  - 2 I think we should think about
  - 3 I don't see what
  - 4 I'm not sure that I
  - 5 That's a
  - 6 Why don't we
  - 7 The way I
  - 8 That's
  - 9 What
  - 10 That's OK
  - 11 I suggest we focus
  - 12 I'm not sure that
- a) agree, actually.
  - b) fine by me.
  - c) advertising on the internet.
  - d) TV commercials are a good idea.
  - e) good point.
  - f) that we should wait before making a decision.
  - g) about speaking to local business owners?
  - h) by me.
  - i) print some flyers?
  - j) you mean.
  - k) see it, we need to start as soon as possible.
  - l) on the upcoming campaign first.

## 2 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

- 1 **A:** What about *contact/contacting* people in the area first?  
**B:** That's a good *idea/by me*.
- 2 **A:** The way I *see/feel* things, it's important to build a good brand image.  
**B:** I'm not sure that I *mean/agree*, actually.
- 3 **A:** Why don't we *call/calling* it 'Instashine'?  
**B:** That's *fine/good* by me.
- 4 **A:** I really *feel/see* that we should have another look at this.  
**B:** *Exactly!/Carefully!*
- 5 **A:** I suggest we focus *on/in* the results of the survey first.  
**B:** That's OK *a point/by me*.
- 6 **A:** I *think/suggest* we should spend more on advertising.  
**B:** I'm not sure that more spending is *a good idea/fine* by me.

## Consolidation

## 1 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

- 1 Every Friday, our teacher read us a story. (would)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 It's not necessary for you to wear a uniform. (have)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 I don't think exactly the same way as you, actually. (sure)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 I suggest making her a cake. (why)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Did you go on holiday every year when you were a child? (use)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 It isn't a good idea for us to go there in the winter. (shouldn't)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 I didn't like broccoli when I was young. (never)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 I'm OK with that idea. (fine)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 You can't be late. (mustn't)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 I need to buy my mum a birthday present. (got)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 11 I like your idea. (point)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 12 I liked watching cartoons when I was a child. (used)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 13 It's a good idea to tell her how you feel. (should)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 14 I understand you. (mean)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 15 I need to remember to set my alarm clock tonight. (must)  
\_\_\_\_\_





## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 5.1 comparatives and superlatives

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- 1 Vietnam is *by far/far* the most interesting country I've ever visited.
- 2 The film wasn't as *good/better* as I expected it to be.
- 3 This is the *smaller/smallest* size we have.
- 4 This brand is exactly the same *as/than* that one, but half the price.
- 5 James is one of the tallest *boy/boys* in his year at school.
- 6 This dish is very similar *to/than* the one we had last week.
- 7 This TV is slightly more expensive *as/than* that one, but it's much better.
- 8 The *furthest/further* I've ever travelled from home is the north of the country.
- 9 That soup was *by far/far* more delicious than I expected it to be.
- 10 That's the tallest building *of/in* the world.
- 11 Charlotte is probably the *least/least most* confident person I know.
- 12 I think English is easier *then/than* my language.

2 Use the prompts to write sentences.

- 1 London / much / big / Manchester /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Sandy / far / best / student / class /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 this exercise / slightly / difficult / last one /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Chile / one / beautiful / places / I / ever / visited /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Spanish / very / similar / Portuguese /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Ben / friendly / than / Gary /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 the exam / wasn't / difficult / expected /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 this top / exactly / same / that one /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 Tokyo / far / expensive / Bangkok /  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 this book / bit / longer / his last book /  
\_\_\_\_\_

## 5.2 question tags

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the question tags.

- 1 You haven't got the time, *have/got* you?
- 2 We're going to lose, *going/aren't* we?
- 3 James and Cathy don't like Charlie, *does he?/ do they?*
- 4 I failed the exam, *wasn't/didn't* I?
- 5 You won't tell her, *will/won't* you?
- 6 She hasn't arrived yet, *has/did* she?
- 7 Graham hates spinach, *doesn't/does* he?
- 8 It'll probably be sunny tomorrow, *isn't/won't* it?
- 9 He isn't a teacher any more, *isn't/is* he?
- 10 You can't swim, *do/can* you?
- 11 You work with Sandra, *work/don't* you?
- 12 We'll have arrived by 10.00, *won't/haven't* we?

2 Use the words from the box to write tags for the statements.

am aren't do don't has is isn't shall  
shouldn't will he I (x2) it she they  
we (x2) you (x2)

- 1 You don't live here, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2 She's going to be late, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 3 We should get her a present, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 4 I'm in trouble, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 5 Tim hasn't called yet, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 6 Let's go out for a meal, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 7 It isn't raining outside, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 8 You know Cathy, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 9 They won't be expecting us, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 10 I'm not the first one here again, \_\_\_\_\_?

3 Complete the conversations with the missing question tags.

- 1 A: It's horrible weather today, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Absolutely awful.
- 2 A: You've met Kim, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Oh yes, we met at the conference last year.
- 3 A: Let's get a taxi, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Good idea. I'm exhausted.
- 4 A: You won't see Paul tonight, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Actually, I think I might. Why?
- 5 A: You like cycling, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Yes, I love it. Do you want to join me some time?
- 6 A: You haven't seen my glasses anywhere, \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: They're by your bed.

## 5.3 polite requests

## 1 Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 Could you tell me what time *is it/it is*?
- 2 Could you *pass/passing* me that book, please?
- 3 Do you know what time *does the film start/the film starts*?
- 4 Would you mind *opening/to open* the window?
- 5 Do you know which train *this is/is this*?
- 6 Could you open that window *for/to* me?
- 7 Would you *mind/like* having a look at my work?
- 8 Could you tell me *how far is the station/how far the station is*?

## 2 Use the prompts to write polite requests.

- 1 could / tell / way / bus station / please / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 2 would / mind / open / door / me / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 3 please / could / put / my bag / rack / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 4 do / know / time / game / start / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 5 could / tell / how much / these jeans / cost / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 6 would / mind / help / me / carry / this / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 7 do / know / how far / it / from / here / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 8 could / tell / where / bank / please / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

## 3 Choose the best response, a) or b), to the requests in Exercise 2.

- 1 a) Yes, I can. It's left at the end of the road.  
b) Can I? It's left at the end of the road.
- 2 a) Of course not. Here you are.  
b) Yes, please. Here you are.
- 3 a) No! It's too heavy for me.  
b) I'm sorry, I can't. It's too heavy for me.
- 4 a) I'm not sure. 3.30, I think.  
b) I don't sure. 3.30, I think.
- 5 a) You're welcome. They're £45.  
b) Yes, of course. They're £45.
- 6 a) I'm sure. Oh, it's heavy!  
b) Sure. Oh, it's heavy!
- 7 a) I'm not sure, but it's not far.  
b) I'm sure, but it's not far.
- 8 a) Of course not. Turn left at the end of the road.  
b) Yes, of course. Turn left at the end of the road.

## Consolidation

## 1 Circle the correct options to complete the conversation.

A: Excuse me, you're from round here, <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you?

B: Yes, I am. Why?

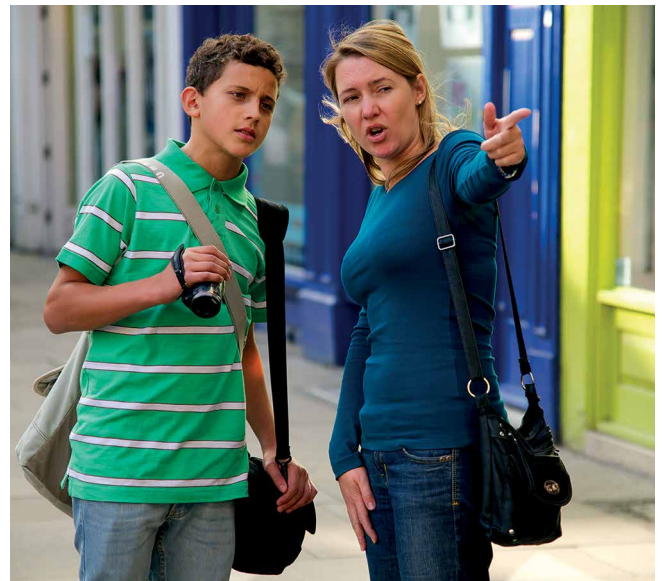
A: Could you tell me where <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ nearest tube station <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Well, that depends. Camden Town is <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ but Euston is <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ easier to get to.

A: Ah, OK. Euston is on the Victoria line, <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ it?

B: Yes, that's right.

- 1 a) are                      b) aren't                      c) isn't
- 2 a) the                      b) a                      c) it
- 3 a) is                      b) be                      c) are
- 4 a) bigger                      b) more                      c) nearer
- 5 a) slightly                      b) many                      c) bit
- 6 a) aren't                      b) isn't                      c) doesn't



## 2 Circle the correct options to complete the conversation.

A: You don't like Ed very much, <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you?

B: No I don't. I think he's one of the rudest <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ I've <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ met.

A: You should get to know him though. You'll find he's not as bad <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ he seems.

B: I'm sorry, I just don't see it. In fact, <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you mind not mentioning his name again?

A: OK! My, you really don't like him, <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you?

- 1 a) don't                      b) do                      c) are
- 2 a) person                      b) persons                      c) people
- 3 a) ever                      b) yet                      c) still
- 4 a) than                      b) as                      c) to
- 5 a) did                      b) will                      c) would
- 6 a) do                      b) don't                      c) is

## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 6.1 zero and first conditionals

## 1 Match 1–10 with a)–j) to make sentences.

- 1 Be careful around Joe. If you mention his ex-wife,
- 2 If I arrive at the concert first,
- 3 When I get angry,
- 4 Plants die
- 5 I usually cycle to work, but if I'm running late,
- 6 Unless she asks me nicely,
- 7 What will you do first
- 8 What do you do
- 9 Unless I'm really tired,
- 10 If James doesn't arrive in the next fifteen minutes,

- a) if they don't get enough water.
- b) when you want to relax?
- c) we'll start the meeting without him.
- d) he'll get really upset.
- e) I won't help her with her homework.
- f) when you get to the hotel tomorrow?
- g) I get a bus to save time.
- h) I count to ten before I say anything.
- i) I'll save you a seat.
- j) I never really sleep in the day.

## 2 Use the prompts to write sentences.

- 1 Ed / not go / party / unless / Sally / invite / him / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 when / I / finish / homework / I / always / ask / friend / check / it / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 if / Dana / pass / driving test / she / be / very happy / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 if / mix / hydrogen / oxygen / get / water / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 when / I / home / tonight / have / long bath / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 if / you / want / lose weight / need / do / exercise / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 if / Chelsea / not / score / soon / lose / game / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 where / you / go / if / have / holiday / this / year / ?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 I / always / have / cup / coffee / when / get up / morning / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 unless / put / sunscreen / on / you / get / sunburn / .  
\_\_\_\_\_

## 6.2 second conditional

## 1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- 1 I'd write a novel if I *had/have* more time.
- 2 If we *'re/were* in London today, we could go on the London Eye.
- 3 If I were you, I *was/'d be* a bit nicer to your boss.
- 4 What *will/would* Tina do if she wasn't a dentist, do you think?
- 5 If they weren't in Rome, we *were/'d be* able to have lunch with them today.
- 6 Would you *have to leave/left* your dog here if you moved to Poland?
- 7 I wouldn't work here if the money *didn't/wasn't* so good.
- 8 If I *had/have* to pay all the rent, I wouldn't be able to live here.
- 9 Where would you *live/lived* if you didn't live here?
- 10 I'd love to visit Italy *if/when* I had the chance.

## 2 Rewrite the sentences using the second conditional.

- 1 You don't have a car and you have to go by bus.  
If I had a car, I wouldn't have to go by bus.
- 2 Jackie and Tom don't like sushi, so they aren't going to the restaurant.  
They \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 I think it's a bad idea that you gossip about your colleagues.  
If I \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 We won't have to cancel the game because it won't rain.  
We \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 I don't work from home so I get up at 6a.m. every day.  
If I \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 I don't criticise her work and she doesn't get angry.  
If I \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 You're not here so I don't know what you will do.  
What \_\_\_\_\_?
- 8 Sandra doesn't like Tom so she didn't invite him to her party.  
If Sandra \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 I live in London, but I'd like to live in Rome.  
If I \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 Richard hasn't lost his phone, so he isn't lost.  
If Richard \_\_\_\_\_.

## 6.3 giving news

- 1** Add one word to each of the expressions.
- 1 I'm sorry to have to you, but I've lost my job.
  - 2 I'm really to hear that.
  - 3 You lucky!
  - 4 You'll never what.
  - 5 There's I've got to tell you.
  - 6 I'm really pleased tell you that you've won!
  - 7 Joking!
  - 8 I've got some news. I'm getting promoted!
  - 9 That's shame.
  - 10 Well.
  - 11 Bad news, afraid.
  - 12 Really annoying.
- 2** Match functions a)–d) with phrases 1–12 in Exercise 1.
- a) giving good news
  - b) giving bad news
  - c) responding to good news
  - d) responding to bad news
- 3** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.
- 1 **A:** I'm *afraid/scared* he didn't get the job.  
**B:** *It's/That's* a shame.
  - 2 **A:** I've got *a good news/some good news*. They accepted my proposal!  
**B:** Congratulations/Congratulation!
  - 3 **A:** We've got *anything/something* to tell you. We're going to have a baby.  
**B:** Wow! That *was/'s* great news.
  - 4 **A:** There's something I've got to *say/tell* you. I've been fired.  
**B:** I'm really *sorry/annoyed* to hear that.
  - 5 **A:** You'll *always/never* guess what. I've passed my driving test!  
**B:** Have you? *Well/Good* done!
  - 6 **A:** I'm really *please/pleased* to tell you that you've been accepted on the course.  
**B:** You're *joking/playing!* I thought I'd done really badly in the interview.
  - 7 **A:** *You know/Know* you Jan? She had an accident last night.  
**B:** *That's/It's* awful.
  - 8 **A:** I'm sorry *having/to have* to tell you, but they rejected your proposal.  
**B:** That's *really/absolutely* annoying. I put so much work into that.

## Consolidation

- 1** Circle the correct options to complete the conversation.
- A:** I've got <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ good news. My sister's going to have a baby! I'm going to be an uncle!
- B:** <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. That's <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ news!
- A:** Thanks, obviously she's really happy. They've been trying for a baby for ages. They thought they'd been successful a few times, but each time the doctor said, 'Bad news, I'm <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_'.
- B:** Oh no.
- A:** It's funny – lots of people gave them advice while they were trying, and some of it was really strange.
- B:** Like what?
- A:** Oh, you know, things like if you <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ red meat and honey, you'll have a boy, or if you buy a new house, you <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ have a baby soon after. Luckily my sister doesn't believe in any of those superstitions though. If she did, she <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ worry about things far too much!
- B:** So have they decided on a name yet?
- A:** Not yet, but they have a few ideas. <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ it's a girl, they'll call her Alice. If it's a boy, they'll call him ... um ... Daniel Habermus.
- B:** Really? Habermus? Habby? You know that if he <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ that name, other children would laugh at him, right?
- A:** I know, but it's a family tradition: when you have a baby boy, <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ call him Habermus. It's my middle name, actually.
- B:** Oh, I'm <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to hear that. If I <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you, I'd keep it a secret!
- A:** Haha. It's OK. I quite like it, actually!
- |                       |               |                     |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| <b>1</b> a) some      | b) a          | c) the              |
| <b>2</b> a) Yes!      | b) Did you?   | c) Congratulations! |
| <b>3</b> a) fantastic | b) annoying   | c) lucky            |
| <b>4</b> a) annoying  | b) afraid     | c) unfortunately    |
| <b>5</b> a) ate       | b) eat        | c) eaten            |
| <b>6</b> a) 'll       | b) 'd         | c) wouldn't         |
| <b>7</b> a) 'll       | b) 'd         | c) wouldn't         |
| <b>8</b> a) When      | b) As soon as | c) If               |
| <b>9</b> a) had       | b) hadn't     | c) have             |
| <b>10</b> a) you      | b) you'l      | c) you'd            |
| <b>11</b> a) happy    | b) shame      | c) sorry            |
| <b>12</b> a) am       | b) 'll be     | c) were             |

## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 7.1 present perfect simple vs continuous

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

A: How long have you <sup>1</sup>known/been knowing Carla?

B: Oh, <sup>2</sup>for/since we were children!

A: Really? <sup>3</sup>Were you always/Have you always been friends?

B: Mostly, yes. We didn't speak for a while once when we were fifteen, but <sup>4</sup>for/since then we've always <sup>5</sup>been having/had a good relationship. How long have you been <sup>6</sup>gone/going out with Geoff?

A: <sup>7</sup>For/Since about three years. But it feels longer!

A: You look exhausted Natalie, what have <sup>8</sup>you been doing/you done?

B: Oh, I've <sup>9</sup>worked/been working really long hours at the office recently.

A: Really? How long <sup>10</sup>do you work/have you worked there now?

B: <sup>11</sup>For/Since 2010. But it's <sup>12</sup>been/being really busy recently. For example, today I've <sup>13</sup>had/been having four really long meetings.

A: Oh dear. I have to say I don't miss meetings. I haven't <sup>14</sup>had/being having any since I started working from home.

B: Oh, how long have you been working from home?

A: <sup>15</sup>For/Since three months. I love it!

2 Use the prompts to write present perfect simple or present perfect continuous sentences.

1 I / work / hard / all day / .

I \_\_\_\_\_

2 Susan / not see / her mother / two / weeks / .

Susan \_\_\_\_\_

3 long / they / be / married / ?

How \_\_\_\_\_

4 we / live / Manchester / twenty years / .

We \_\_\_\_\_

5 I / study / Russian / three weeks / .

I \_\_\_\_\_

6 long / Jane and Mike / know / each / other / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

7 they / know / each other / they / at / university / .

\_\_\_\_\_

8 I / tired / because / I / play / football / .

\_\_\_\_\_

9 you / study / German / long / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

10 Ed / always / hate / carrots / .

\_\_\_\_\_

## 7.2 present and past ability

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the text.

I always find it amazing to see how quickly my children learn new things. Obviously I'm a proud father (I'm also amazed that I <sup>1</sup>managed/could to produce two such beautiful kids!), but they really do learn fast. Take cooking, for example. I <sup>2</sup>can/could just about cook to an acceptable standard now, but when I was ten years old, I <sup>3</sup>can't/couldn't cook at all. I remember once when I tried to make soup, but I <sup>4</sup>wasn't/didn't able to get the liquid right, and it was just a sticky mess. My daughter is ten now though and she <sup>5</sup>can/could already cook soups and pasta. OK, it's messy, she even <sup>6</sup>could/managed to get soup on the cat last week – a personal record, but she <sup>7</sup>was able to/could produce an edible meal. Amazing.



2 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 guitar / can / the / play / you / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

2 she / always / manage / eight / doesn't / to / before / work / leave

\_\_\_\_\_

3 was / he / read / four / when / could / he / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

4 offer / are / delivery / to / able / you / free / we

\_\_\_\_\_

5 to / I / her / manage / didn't / call

\_\_\_\_\_

6 catch / were / flight / you / earlier / able / the / to / ?

\_\_\_\_\_

7 bike / when / was / a / I / I / five / was / ride / could

\_\_\_\_\_

8 able / again / she / over / fell / and / to / wasn't / get / up

\_\_\_\_\_

9 restaurant / I / lovely / to / managed / tonight / for / book / a

\_\_\_\_\_

10 it / just / do / can't / I

\_\_\_\_\_

### 7.3 clarifying opinions

- 1** Put the underlined words in the correct order to complete the sentences.
- example / give / me / an / let / you: we could offer a discount for large orders.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - say / must / I I think it's a good idea.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - think / do / I we should get permission first.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - for / thing / one, we're all adults here.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - this / reason / say / I / the / is they don't like people wasting time.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - me / for, there's only one possible answer.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - example / for, we could advertise on TV.  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - view / my / in, we need to solve the problem with timing first.  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 2** Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

do example for is me my one  
reason say

- A:** What do you think about the government's new plans?  
**B:** Well, in \_\_\_\_\_ view, it's too little too late.
- A:** I'm not sure what you mean.  
**B:** OK, let me give you an \_\_\_\_\_: you're well qualified but you can't find a job. What then?
- A:** The \_\_\_\_\_ I say this is that it's becoming more and more important these days.  
**B:** I must \_\_\_\_\_ I agree with Ricky.
- A:** Do you agree, Priscilla?  
**B:** I suppose so. But I \_\_\_\_\_ think we should ask them first.
- A:** What's wrong with that place?  
**B:** For \_\_\_\_\_ thing, the service is terrible.
- A:** What should we look at first, do you think?  
**B:** For \_\_\_\_\_, the cost is the most important issue.
- A:** Why do you say he's lazy?  
**B:** Well, \_\_\_\_\_ example, yesterday he came in at 11a.m. and left two hours early.
- A:** Don't you think we should give them more time?  
**B:** No. The reason I say that \_\_\_\_\_ we've already extended the deadline once.

### Consolidation

- 1** Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.
- I could read when I was four. (able)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I started studying Russian in January and I still am. (since)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - She tried to contact him and succeeded. (managed)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I think the government should lower taxes. (view)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I wrote two essays. They are finished. (written)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - Is she able to drive? (can)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - For example, he was rude to his classmate. (let)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - When did you start sitting there? (long)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - For example, I think Chris is a wonderful person. (one)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - It's possible for us to offer you an extended warranty. (able)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - Gil met David in 2010 and they still know each other. (known)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I think it's important to say that I disagree. (must)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I don't always succeed when I try to stick to my diet. (manage)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - Was it possible for you to speak to your boss today? (were)  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I'm saying this because I don't think she's right for the job. (reason)  
\_\_\_\_\_

## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 8.1 articles and quantifiers

**1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

**A:** How's <sup>1</sup>a/the new place, Harry?

**B:** Not bad, thanks. It's <sup>2</sup>a/the big flat and it's in <sup>3</sup>-/the centre of Leeds. But <sup>4</sup>-/the neighbours are a bit annoying.

**A:** Why's that?

**B:** Well, the guy above me is <sup>5</sup>a/the musician, and he plays <sup>6</sup>a/the drums late at night. And below me there's <sup>7</sup>-/a family with young kids.

**A:** Oh, I know how loud <sup>8</sup>-/the kids can be. I've got a boy and a girl. <sup>9</sup>The/- boy is three and my daughter's five, and they can be really loud, especially at 5a.m.!

**A:** How do you manage to afford to live in <sup>10</sup>-/the London? It's so expensive!

**B:** I share <sup>11</sup>a/the flat with <sup>12</sup>-/the other people, <sup>13</sup>-/a man and two women.

**A:** Oh really? What do they do?

**B:** Well, <sup>14</sup>a/the man is a researcher and one of <sup>15</sup>a/the women is <sup>16</sup>-/a teacher. I don't know exactly what <sup>17</sup>an/the other one does.

**A:** Is that kind of thing common then?

**B:** Oh yes. <sup>18</sup>-/The flats are really expensive in <sup>19</sup>-/the city but it's <sup>20</sup>a/the great location.

**2** Complete the sentences with words in the box.

all	enough	few	little	many	much	no
none	plenty	some				

- I like \_\_\_\_\_ English food, but not all of it.
- I've only got a \_\_\_\_\_ days of my holiday left.
- Yuck! There's too \_\_\_\_\_ ketchup on this burger! It's swimming in sauce!
- The lesson was so much fun that \_\_\_\_\_ of the students wanted to leave at the end.
- Stay for dinner, we've got \_\_\_\_\_ of food.
- Has Janet got \_\_\_\_\_ time to get there?
- There are too \_\_\_\_\_ people coming. I don't think we have enough chairs.
- There are \_\_\_\_\_ more tickets left I'm afraid, we've sold out.
- \_\_\_\_\_ of those colours are horrible – I don't like any of them, sorry.
- Just add a \_\_\_\_\_ salt, not too much.

## 8.2 relative clauses

**1** Cross out the alternative which is not possible.

- This is the phone *which/where/that* I got for my birthday.
- John's cottage, *which we stayed in/where we stayed/that we stayed* on holiday, is in a beautiful part of the country.
- Kevin's the guy *who/-/whose* you need to speak to about this.
- That was the moment *which/-/that* changed my life forever.
- We need someone in the office *which/who/that* speaks German.
- That's the restaurant *where we went/which we went to/which we went* for my birthday.
- Sarah, *whose husband/who has a husband who/who husband* is a lawyer, is going back to university.
- Comedies are the films *which/-/who* I like best.
- Coventry, the town *where I grew up/which I grew up in/where I grew up in*, is a lovely place.
- She's the teacher *that/who/why* I liked most at school.
- Have you got that £20 *which/-/when* I lent you last week?
- That's the man *who/-/that* stole my phone!

**2** Use the prompts to write sentences. Use the relative pronoun in brackets.

- he / translator / speak / five languages / .  
(who)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- bowling, / easy / learn, / popular / my / country / .  
(which)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- my school days / time / I / happiest / .  
(when)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- George / man / girlfriend / actress / .  
(whose)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- the actor, / from / Greece, / star / in / new / comedy / .  
(who)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- that's / teacher / tell / you / about / .  
(-)  
\_\_\_\_\_

## 8.3 being a good guest

- 1 Put the underlined words in the correct order to complete the questions.
- should / what / do / I if I can't eat any more food?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - something / I / do / did / wrong ?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - time / a / this / bad / is ?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - to / I / need / do make the bed?  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - OK / I / it / is / if make a cup of tea?  
\_\_\_\_\_



- 2 Match responses a)–e) to the questions in Exercise 1.
- Can you come back later?
  - If I were you, I'd say, 'Thanks, but I'm full!'
  - It's OK. We can sort it out.
  - Yes, you should. Don't leave it messy.
  - Yes, of course. Can I have one, too?
- 3 Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

bad better do if in necessary need  
OK were worry

- A: Did I \_\_\_\_\_ something wrong?  
B: Don't \_\_\_\_\_ about it.
- A: Is this a \_\_\_\_\_ time?  
B: No, come \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: Is it \_\_\_\_\_ if I watch TV?  
B: No, you'd \_\_\_\_\_ not. Lilly's asleep.
- A: Do I \_\_\_\_\_ to get them a gift?  
B: No, it's not \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: What should I do \_\_\_\_\_ we don't get on?  
B: If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I'd try your best to be polite.

## Consolidation

- 1 Circle the correct options to complete the conversation.
- A: Hi Geoff, have you got a minute or is this a bad <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: No, it's fine. <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in.
- A: Thanks. Listen, I think we should organise a housewarming party for <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Alex, you know, <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ guy <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ bought a new flat last week.
- B: Oh, he bought a flat?
- A: Yes, it's in <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ new part of town, near <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ lake.
- B: <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Lake Windermere?
- A: Yes, that's the one.
- B: What a coincidence! My brother, <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ an architect, bought a flat there last week, too.
- A: That's great. Anyway, Alex said he wanted a party but didn't know <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ people to invite, so asked if we could help.
- B: Great idea.
- A: Is it OK <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ I invite all <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ people from <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ marketing department, do you think?
- B: Yes, of <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. That should be <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ of guests.
- a) room      b) hour      c) time
  - a) Come      b) Get      c) Go
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) when      b) who      c) where
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) who's      b) whose      c) that
  - a) much      b) a lot      c) enough
  - a) when      b) if      c) to
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) a      b) –      c) the
  - a) course      b) OK      c) fine
  - a) enough      b) many      c) plenty



## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 9.1 third conditional

**1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

- 1 A:** It's her own fault she failed the exam.  
**B:** I know. If she'd studied more she would *have/had* passed.
- 2 A:** Oh look, there's the CEO.  
**B:** What? I would have worn something smart if I *would know/'d known* she was coming.
- 3 A:** Have you got any regrets?  
**B:** Not really, but if I hadn't *become/became* an accountant I would have trained as a teacher.
- 4 A:** You're late!  
**B:** It's not my fault! I would have been here sooner if the bus *hadn't/would have* broken down!
- 5 A:** Where were you last night?  
**B:** Sorry, I was ill. I *would have come/would come* if I hadn't been feeling so bad.
- 6 A:** Hi, I'm home!  
**B:** Oh, you're early! I would have made you dinner if I *d known/I knew*.
- 7 A:** Do you think Ricky's OK?  
**B:** I'm sure he is. If anything *would happen/had happened* he would have called us.
- 8 A:** Why did you tell Flo about her surprise party?  
**B:** I'm sorry. If I'd known it was a surprise I *would never have/wouldn't have never* said anything.

**2** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1** I \_\_\_\_\_ (book) that holiday if it \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) so expensive.
- 2** Suzanne \_\_\_\_\_ (call) us by now if she \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) anything.
- 3** If you \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) us it was your birthday, we \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) you a present.
- 4** If Brennan \_\_\_\_\_ (not give) away that penalty, we \_\_\_\_\_ (win) the game.
- 5** They \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) there if they \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) able to get cheap tickets.
- 6** If I \_\_\_\_\_ (realised) you were on the phone to your mum, I \_\_\_\_\_ (turn) the volume down.
- 7** I \_\_\_\_\_ (call) you if I \_\_\_\_\_ (know) you were in town last weekend.
- 8** If you \_\_\_\_\_ (not leave) your bag there, it \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) stolen.
- 9** Our holiday \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) so expensive if we \_\_\_\_\_ (go) earlier in the year.
- 10** Fiona \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to bed so late if she \_\_\_\_\_ (had) an exam the next day.

## 9.2 active vs passive

**1** Underline the correct alternatives to complete the text.

I never used to like history lessons at school. The teacher never <sup>1</sup>*was brought/brought* history to life and it was really boring. We <sup>2</sup>*were always told/always told* to just read out long passages from textbooks to the class. You never <sup>3</sup>*were known/knew* when it was going to be your turn, and then suddenly you <sup>4</sup>*were chosen/chose* by the teacher to read the next paragraph. Since then, I <sup>5</sup>*'ve been discovered/'ve discovered* that history is actually really interesting. I <sup>6</sup>*'ve been shown/'ve shown* some really interesting documentaries over the years by friends, which have really got me interested. At the moment I <sup>7</sup>*'m being done/'m doing* a course on twentieth-century history, and we <sup>8</sup>*'re being given/'ve giving* various topics to research and present to the class. It's absolutely fascinating, and next week I <sup>9</sup>*'ll be given/'ll give* the opportunity to present what I found out. I hope children <sup>10</sup>*are taught/teach* history in a similar way at school these days.

**2** Use the prompts to write sentences in the active or passive. Use the verb tense in brackets.

- 1** Julie / not tell / about / changes / yet / .  
 (present perfect)
- 
- 2** I / read / fantastic / book / moment / .  
 (present continuous)
- 
- 3** new / stadium / build / for / World Cup / .  
 (present continuous)
- 
- 4** what / discuss / at / meeting / ? (will)
- 
- 5** nobody / wish / me / happy / birthday / today / .  
 (present perfect)
- 
- 6** first successful photograph / produce / Joseph N. Niépce / 1826 / .  
 (past simple)
- 
- 7** English / speak / here / .  
 (present simple)
- 
- 8** my car / repair / moment / .  
 (present continuous)
- 
- 9** vandals / punish / . (will)
- 
- 10** who / win / next / World Cup / ? (will)
-

### 9.3 expressing uncertainty

1 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations.

- 1 A: What time does the game start?  
B: I'm *fairly sure/sure fairly* it's half past three.
- 2 A: Can we take our dog in the café?  
B: No. It's *definitely not/not definitely* allowed.
- 3 A: What's the capital of Chad?  
B: I have *any/no* idea.
- 4 A: What did she say her name was?  
B: Um ... I'm *not/can't* remember!
- 5 A: When's Lia's birthday?  
B: I'm sure *isn't it/it isn't* today.
- 6 A: What currency do they use in Brazil?  
B: I haven't a *clue/clues*, sorry.
- 7 A: What's his surname?  
B: I'm not *a/the* hundred percent certain, but it might be Jones.
- 8 A: What was the homework?  
B: I've/*m* forgotten.

2 Put the underlined words in the correct order to complete the sentences.

- 1 I don't know who took my wallet, but fairly / I'm / sure it was that man over there.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 A: What's the name of that building?  
B: no / I / idea / have.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Which way is it? not / definitely / it's left again here.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 A: Which house is Claire's?  
B: I / remember / can't.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 certain / percent / I'm / a / not / hundred, but I think we're playing Chelsea this weekend.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 A: How much money should I take with me?  
B: haven't / I / clue / a.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 A: How old is Jackie?  
B: forgotten / I've.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 What's Lisa's middle name? isn't / I'm / it / sure Anne.  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Consolidation

1 Circle the correct options to complete the text.

#### Caesar and the pirates

Of all the stories which are usually told about Caesar, one of my favourites is the time he <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ by pirates. They had originally asked for quite a big ransom. I'm not a <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ percent certain, but it might have been around 600 pieces of silver. However, Caesar felt he was worth much more, and so he <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ that they ask for more than double. If he <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ so arrogant, they would have got a lot less.

While the ransom <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, Caesar made friends with the pirates. He <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ poems and played games with them, and they grew to like him. I can't <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ how long he was with them, but I'm <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ it was more than a month.

Anyway, when he <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ he promised to return and capture them. They obviously didn't believe him and stayed where they were. Sure enough, as soon as a small army <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, Caesar returned, <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the pirates and collected his money back. If the pirates had left after they had released him, they <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_!

- 1 a) was kidnapped      b) were kidnapped      c) kidnapped
- 2 a) twenty      b) very      c) hundred
- 3 a) was demanded      b) demanded      c) demands
- 4 a) didn't be have been      b) hadn't been      c) wouldn't
- 5 a) collected      b) is being collected      c) was being collected
- 6 a) was written      b) writes      c) wrote
- 7 a) remember      b) understand      c) know
- 8 a) know      b) sure      c) absolutely
- 9 a) was released      b) released      c) was releasing
- 10 a) had been formed      b) is formed      c) formed
- 11 a) was captured      b) captures      c) captured
- 12 a) would escape      b) would have escaped      c) had escaped



## GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## 10.1 reported speech

- 1** Choose the correct alternative, a) or b), to report the sentences.
- 'I've won first prize!'
    - He said he'd won first prize.
    - He said he won first prize.
  - 'We'll see you later.'
    - They said we'd see you later.
    - They said they'd see us later.
  - 'You must bring it back.'
    - He said we must have brought it back.
    - He said we had to bring it back.
  - 'Beth's going to study law next year.'
    - He said that Beth was going to study law the next year.
    - He said that Beth's going to study law the next year.
  - 'Did you see Jack last night?'
    - He asked me if I'd seen Jack the night before.
    - He asked me if I saw Jack the night before.
  - 'I might just stay at home.'
    - She said she might have just stayed at home.
    - She said she might just stay at home.
  - 'I love cheese.'
    - She said she'd loved cheese.
    - She said she loves cheese.
  - 'What time do you usually get home?'
    - She asked me what time did I usually get home.
    - She asked me what time I usually got home.
  - 'I couldn't see her anywhere.'
    - He said that he couldn't see her anywhere.
    - He said that he couldn't have seen her anywhere.
  - 'Has Jill ever been to Berlin?'
    - He asked me if Jill ever went to Berlin.
    - He asked me if Jill had ever been to Berlin.

**2** Rewrite the sentences as reported speech.

- 'I must be home before midnight.'  
She said \_\_\_\_\_.
- 'I'll be there.'  
He said \_\_\_\_\_.
- 'I didn't see Chris at the party.'  
I told him \_\_\_\_\_.
- 'I'll go to the doctor this week.'  
You told me \_\_\_\_\_.
- 'We might not be able to get there on time.'  
We told her \_\_\_\_\_.
- 'Where is the nearest bus stop?'  
She asked me \_\_\_\_\_.

## 10.2 verb patterns

- 1** Underline the correct alternative.
- I promise *to pay/paying* you back next week.
  - He recommended *us to eat/eating* at La Bella restaurant.
  - I warned *to not tell/you not to tell* him too much.
  - We managed *to get/getting* an earlier flight.
  - Graham and Sally have invited *us to stay/to stay us* with them for the weekend.
  - She refused *me to listen/to listen*.
  - Do you fancy *to eat/eating* out tonight?
  - I never wanted *to hurt/hurting* you.
- 2** Put the words in the correct order.
- don't / back / there / I / go / to / want / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - loan / to / agreed / they've / a / us / give / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I'm / forward / seeing / next / you / looking / to / month / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - loves / novels / Janet / reading / crime / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - to / soon / I / expect / don't / hear / her / from / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - us / Phil's / offered / lift / give / a / to / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - it / easy / she / wouldn't / explained / be / that / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - drive / moment / Miriam's / to / the / at / learning / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3** Use the prompts to write sentences.
- She / warn / me / not speak / Gary / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I / very / keen / play / football / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - Josh / refuse / eat / his breakfast / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - James / suggest / try / new / Indian restaurant / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - Fiona / give up / smoke / last year / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I / not miss / be / at school / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - I / manage / get / bank / before / closed / .  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - they / invite / us / go / fishing / with / them / .  
\_\_\_\_\_

### 10.3 giving advice/warnings

#### 1 Match 1–10 with a)–j) to make sentences.

- 1 Make sure
- 2 Don't break the law or
- 3 Whatever you do
- 4 If I were you,
- 5 The most important thing is to
- 6 Watch out
- 7 Don't forget
- 8 Be careful
- 9 You'd better not
- 10 You need to arrange

- a) for pickpockets on public transport.
- b) you don't change money in the street.
- c) don't forget your tickets!
- d) your accommodation before you leave.
- e) go out alone at night.
- f) else you could end up in prison.
- g) of people approaching you in the street.
- h) ask for help if you have any problems.
- i) to tell someone where you're going before you leave.
- j) I'd ask to use the safe in the hotel.

#### 2 Complete the advice with the words in the box.

better do don't forget make need  
out thing to were

- 1 The most important \_\_\_\_\_ is to feel comfortable.
- 2 Watch \_\_\_\_\_ for people who offer you very cheap tickets.
- 3 Be careful \_\_\_\_\_ stay on the path.
- 4 You'd \_\_\_\_\_ not go outside, there's a storm coming.
- 5 If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I'd take a credit card with you.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ sure you take a jacket in case it rains.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ get angry or else you might get attacked.
- 8 Whatever you \_\_\_\_\_, don't use bad language. It's very offensive.
- 9 You \_\_\_\_\_ to book tickets in advance.
- 10 Don't \_\_\_\_\_ to set your alarm clock before you go to bed.

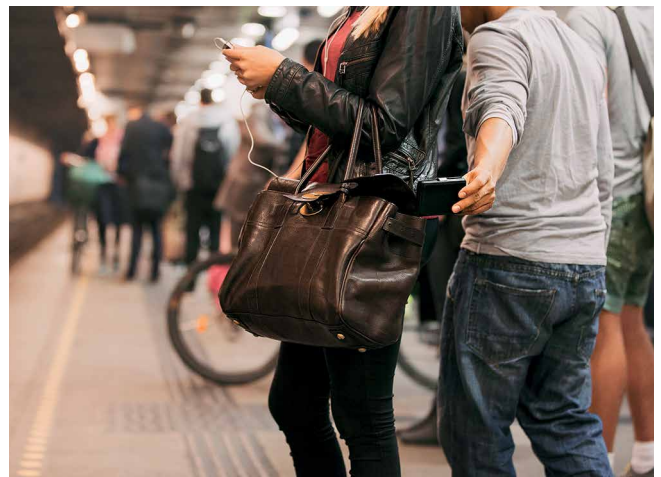
#### 3 Match functions a)–b) with sentences 1–10 in Exercise 2.

- a) giving advice
- b) giving a warning

### Consolidation

#### 1 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

- 1 'Why don't we meet at six?' he said. (suggested)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 It's a good idea to change money before you travel. (were)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 'Did you see Jackie last night?' he asked. (if)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 'We talked about you last night' she said. ('d)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 'I won't eat it!' he said. (refused)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Do you want to go to the cinema tonight? (fancy)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7 I really hate getting up early. (stand)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 8 I really think you should save your work regularly. (thing)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 9 'I might have a problem with the project.' he said. (might)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10 'Can I give you a lift?' she asked. (offered)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 11 It's very important you don't speak to strangers. (whatever)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 12 It's necessary for me to get help. (need)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 13 We tried to meet the deadline and succeeded. (managed)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 14 'What time do you usually leave work?' she said. (asked)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 15 Be careful of thieves. (watch)  
\_\_\_\_\_



## GRAMMAR PRACTICE ANSWER KEY

### UNIT 1

#### 1.1

#### 1

1 did 2 Does 3 for 4 are 5 Have  
6 is 7 has 8 were 9 about  
10 happened

#### 2

1 Where are **do** you work?  
2 Who did write **wrote** Crime and Punishment?  
3 Where are **is** she staying?  
4 Why **do are** you late?  
5 Where you met **did you meet** Chris?  
6 She speaks **Does she speak** German?  
7 How many jobs have you applied **for**?  
8 When they are **are they** arriving?  
9 What did you saw **see** at the cinema?  
10 Did **Have** you ever eaten octopus?

#### 3

1 d) 2 a) 3 g) 4 i) 5 e) 6 c)  
7 j) 8 b) 9 f) 10 h)

#### 1.2

#### 1

1 were you doing 2 knows  
3 didn't go 4 're having 5 'm thinking  
6 Are you having 7 didn't see 8 left  
9 was he being 10 didn't see  
11 broke 12 'm living 13 doesn't seem  
14 met 15 do you know

#### 2

1 Anya isn't studying at the moment.  
2 This book belongs to Sally.  
3 I didn't know you could speak Russian.  
4 Do you like my new jacket?  
5 We weren't talking about you.  
6 I'm not happy about this.  
7 I'm not speaking to my sister at the moment.  
8 I met Andressa while we were studying at university.  
9 They don't like their new house very much.  
10 What were you talking about when I came in?

#### 3

1 Sorry! I **wasn't** looking where I was going.  
2 Sheila **is** waiting for the bus at the moment.  
3 They **didn't** come to the party last night.  
4 **Does** the music seem too loud to you?  
5 **Are** you coming with us?  
6 You **don't** look very happy.

#### 1.3

#### 1

1 couple 2 most 3 have 4 have  
5 thing 6 opinion

#### 2

1 Could I ask a question?  
2 There are a couple of things I'd like to ask about.  
3 I **have** a query.  
4 Can I ask you about that?  
5 Could I **ask** a question?

#### 3

1 b) 2 a) 3 e) 4 d) 5 c)

### Consolidation

#### 1

1 b) 2 a) 3 c) 4 b) 5 b) 6 a) 7 c)  
8 b) 9 a) 10 c) 11 a) 12 a) 13 b)  
14 a) 15 b)

### UNIT 2

#### 2.1

#### 1

1 Did you go 2 went 3 've been  
4 did you go 5 went  
6 've never travelled 7 've seen  
8 did you see 9 came out  
10 've already seen

#### 2

1 watched 2 have known  
3 've never tried 4 saw 5 've just got  
6 Have you called 7 Has she heard  
8 lived

#### 3

1 I've never **went been** to China.  
2 We've **watch watched** a lot of films recently.  
3 James **has** never visited Scotland.  
4 Shahla has **yet already** eaten.  
5 Have you **never ever** been in a helicopter?  
6 Jan isn't here – she's **been gone** home.  
7 We **didn't saw** see the Eiffel Tower in Paris.  
8 How long **has she she has** lived in Morocco?

#### 2.2

#### 1

1 was raining 2 was doing 3 called  
4 had become 5 had followed 6 heard

#### 2

1 b) 2 h) 3 g) 4 a) 5 j) 6 f) 7 i)  
8 c) 9 d) 10 e)

#### 3

1 met; were travelling 2 got; went  
3 saw; had missed 4 stole; was having  
5 arrived; had eaten 6 switched; went  
7 realised; had forgotten  
8 opened; had snowed

#### 2.3

#### 1

1 In the beginning; What happened next  
2 And then, all of a sudden; That's really funny  
3 In the end; You must be joking  
4 This happened when; What did you do  
5 The next thing I knew; How embarrassing  
6 Before long; I don't believe it

### Consolidation

#### 1

1 Have I ever told 2 happened 3 was  
4 hadn't really studied 5 was looking  
6 realised 7 didn't know 8 Oh dear  
9 all of a sudden 10 saw 11 had left  
12 did you do 13 don't believe it  
14 've never cheated 15 in the end

### UNIT 3

#### 3.1

#### 1

1 might go 2 're staying 3 'll have  
4 'm going to learn 5 are you leaving  
6 'll just go 7 'm meeting 8 are coming

#### 2

1 I might go to the cinema tonight.  
2 Adam isn't going to have lunch today.  
3 I won't take a taxi. It's too expensive.  
4 We're playing tennis on Saturday.  
5 I might not go to the party tonight.  
6 Sally isn't coming to the concert with us.  
7 I think I'll have a sandwich.  
8 They aren't going to do anything this weekend.

#### 3.2

#### 1

1 Rita hopes she'll get the job.  
2 Are you likely to be home early tonight?  
3 We might not be able to go on holiday this year.  
4 Arsenal probably won't win the league this year.  
5 They're likely to be very tired when they arrive.  
6 Train tickets are probably going to get more expensive this year.  
7 We're unlikely to get there before 5.00.  
8 More people will work from home in the future.

## 2

1 could 2 will probably 3 unlikely to pass  
4 don't think 5 to be 6 're going to  
7 might 8 's not going to be 9 Are  
10 is probably going 11 may 12 'll

## 3.3

### 1

1 what 2 repeat 3 exactly 4 lost  
5 words 6 didn't 7 mean 8 saying

### 2

- Do you mean to tell me that we're stuck here?
- I don't get what you're saying.
- In other words, you didn't do your homework.
- Could you repeat the name you said?
- What exactly do you mean? I don't have a code.
- Wait. You've lost me. Where do I turn?
- Sorry. I didn't catch any of that. It's a bad line.
- So what you mean is it's better to get a bus, right?

## Consolidation

### 1

1 b) 2 a) 3 c) 4 c) 5 a) 6 b) 7 b)  
8 c) 9 a) 10 b) 11 c) 12 a) 13 b)  
14 a) 15 c)

## UNIT 4

### 4.1

### 1

1 shouldn't 2 Do you have to 3 mustn't  
4 shouldn't 5 don't have to 6 should  
7 must 8 have to

### 2

- You don't have to be rich to be happy.
- I must do more exercise.
- You shouldn't gossip at work.
- You mustn't park in front of the exit.
- We have to get there early if we want to get good seats.
- Kerry should apologise.
- We had to wear a uniform at school.
- Do you think I should get him a present?

## 4.2

### 1

1 would 2 used to 3 would 4 used to  
5 would 6 would 7 started 8 was

### 2

1 used 2 went 3 use 4 would 5 never  
6 don't 7 to 8 watch 9 didn't 10 be

## 4.3

### 1

1 f) 2 c) 3 j) 4 a) 5 e) 6 i) 7 k)  
8 b) 9 g) 10 h) 11 l) 12 d)

### 2

1 contacting; idea 2 see; agree  
3 call; fine 4 feel; Exactly! 5 on; by me  
6 think; a good idea

## Consolidation

### 1

- Every Friday, our teacher would read us a story.
- You don't have to wear a uniform.
- I'm not sure that I agree, actually.
- Why don't we/you make her a cake?
- Did you use to go on holiday every year when you were a child?
- We shouldn't go there in the winter.
- I never used to like broccoli when I was young.
- That's fine by me.
- You mustn't be late.
- I've got to buy my mum a birthday present.
- That's a good point.
- I used to like watching cartoons when I was a child.
- You should tell her how you feel.
- I see what you mean
- I must remember to set my alarm clock tonight.

## UNIT 5

### 5.1

### 1

1 by far 2 good 3 smallest 4 as  
5 boys 6 to 7 than 8 furthest 9 far  
10 in 11 least 12 than

### 2

- London is much bigger than Manchester.
- Sandy is by far the best student in the class.
- This exercise is slightly more difficult than the last one.
- Chile is one of the most beautiful places I've ever visited.
- Spanish is very similar to Portuguese.
- Ben is friendlier than Gary.
- The exam wasn't as difficult as I expected.
- This top is exactly the same as that one.
- Tokyo is far more expensive than Bangkok.
- This book is a bit longer than his last book.

## 5.2

### 1

1 have 2 aren't 3 do they 4 didn't  
5 will 6 has 7 doesn't 8 won't 9 is  
10 can 11 don't 12 won't

### 2

1 do you 2 isn't she 3 shouldn't we  
4 aren't I 5 has he 6 shall we 7 is it  
8 don't you 9 will they 10 am I

### 3

1 isn't it 2 haven't you 3 shall we  
4 will you 5 don't you 6 have you

## 5.3

### 1

1 it is 2 pass 3 the film starts  
4 opening 5 this is 6 for 7 mind  
8 how far the station is

### 2

- Could you tell me the way to the bus station, please?
- Would you mind opening the door for me?
- Please could you put my bag on the rack?
- Do you know what time the game starts?
- Could you tell me how much these jeans cost?
- Would you mind helping me carry this?
- Do you know how far it is from here?
- Could you tell me where the bank is, please?

### 3

1 a) 2 a) 3 b) 4 a) 5 b) 6 b) 7 a)  
8 b)

## Consolidation

### 1

1 b) 2 a) 3 a) 4 c) 5 a) 6 b)

### 2

1 b) 2 c) 3 a) 4 b) 5 c) 6 a)

## UNIT 6

### 6.1

### 1

1 d) 2 i) 3 h) 4 a) 5 g) 6 e) 7 f)  
8 b) 9 j) 10 c)

2

- 1 Ed won't go to the party unless Sally invites him.
- 2 When I finish my homework, I always ask a friend to check it.
- 3 If Dana passes her driving test, she'll be very happy.
- 4 If you mix hydrogen and oxygen, you get water.
- 5 When I get home tonight, I'll have a long bath.
- 6 If you want to lose weight, you need to do exercise.
- 7 If Chelsea don't score soon, they'll lose the game.
- 8 Where will you go if you have a holiday this year?
- 9 I always have a cup of coffee when I get up in the morning.
- 10 Unless you put sunscreen on, you'll get sunburn.

## 6.2

1

- 1 had 2 were 3 'd be 4 would  
5 'd be 6 have to leave 7 wasn't 8 had  
9 live 10 if

2

- 2 They would go to the restaurant if they liked sushi.
- 3 If I were you I wouldn't gossip about your colleagues.
- 4 We would cancel the game if it rained.
- 5 If I worked from home, I wouldn't get up at 6a.m. every day.
- 6 If I criticised her work, she would get angry.
- 7 What would you do if you were here?
- 8 If Sandra liked Tom she'd invite him to her party.
- 9 If I didn't live in London, I'd live in Rome.
- 10 If Richard lost his phone, he'd be lost.

## 6.3

1

- 1 I'm sorry to have to **tell** you, but I've lost my job.
- 2 I'm really **sorry** to hear that.
- 3 You lucky **thing!**
- 4 You'll never **guess** what.
- 5 There's **something** I've got to tell you.
- 6 I'm really pleased **to** tell you that you've won!
- 7 **You're** joking!
- 8 I've got some **good** news. I'm getting promoted!
- 9 That's **a** shame.
- 10 Well **done**.
- 11 Bad news, **I'm** afraid.
- 12 **That's** really annoying.

2

- 1 b) 2 d) 3 c) 4 a) 5 b) 6 a) 7 c)  
8 a) 9 d) 10 c) 11 b) 12 d)

3

- 1 afraid; That's
- 2 some good news; Congratulations!
- 3 something; 's
- 4 tell; sorry
- 5 never; Well
- 6 pleased; joking
- 7 You know; That's
- 8 to have; really

## Consolidation

1

- 1 a) 2 c) 3 a) 4 c) 5 b) 6 a) 7 b)  
8 c) 9 a) 10 a) 11 c) 12 c)

## UNIT 7

### 7.1

1

- 1 known
- 2 since
- 3 Have you always
- 4 since
- 5 had
- 6 going
- 7 For
- 8 you been doing
- 9 been working
- 10 have you worked
- 11 Since
- 12 been
- 13 had
- 14 had
- 15 For

2

- 1 I've been working hard all day
- 2 Susan hasn't seen her mother for two weeks.
- 3 How long have they been married?
- 4 We've lived in Manchester for twenty years.
- 5 I've been studying Russian for three weeks.
- 6 How long have Jane and Mike known each other?
- 7 They've known each other since they were at university.
- 8 I'm tired because I've been playing football.
- 9 Have you been studying German long?
- 10 Ed has always hated carrots.

### 7.2

1

- 1 managed 2 can 3 couldn't 4 wasn't  
5 can 6 managed 7 was able to

2

- 1 Can you play the guitar?
- 2 She doesn't always manage to leave work before eight.
- 3 Could he read when he was four?
- 4 We are able to offer you free delivery.
- 5 I didn't manage to call her.
- 6 Were you able to catch the earlier flight?
- 7 I could ride a bike when I was five.
- 8 She fell over and wasn't able to get up again.
- 9 I managed to book a lovely restaurant for tonight.
- 10 I just can't do it!

## 7.3

1

- 1 Let me give you an example
- 2 I must say
- 3 I do think
- 4 For one thing
- 5 The reason I say this is
- 6 For me
- 7 For example
- 8 In my view

2

- 1 my 2 example 3 reason; say 4 do  
5 one 6 me 7 for 8 is

## Consolidation

1

- 1 I was able to read when I was four.
- 2 I've been studying Russian since January.
- 3 She managed to contact him.
- 4 In my view, the government should lower taxes.
- 5 I've written two essays.
- 6 Can she drive?
- 7 Let me give you an example: he was rude to his classmate.
- 8 How long have you been sitting there?
- 9 For one thing, I think Chris is a wonderful person.
- 10 We are able to offer you an extended warranty.
- 11 Gil has known David since 2010.
- 12 I must say I disagree.
- 13 I don't always manage to stick to my diet.
- 14 Were you able to speak to your boss today?
- 15 The reason I say this is that I don't think she's right for the job.

## UNIT 8

### 8.1

**1**  
1 the 2 a 3 the 4 the 5 a 6 the  
7 a 8 - 9 The 10 - 11 a 12 -  
13 a 14 the 15 the 16 a 17 the  
18 - 19 the 20 a

### 2

1 some 2 few 3 much 4 none  
5 plenty 6 enough 7 many 8 no  
9 All 10 little

### 8.2

### 1

1 where 2 that we stayed 3 whose  
4 - 5 which 6 which we went  
7 who husband 8 who  
9 where I grew up in 10 why 11 when  
12 -

### 2

1 He's the translator who speaks five languages.  
2 Bowling, which is easy to learn, is popular in my country.  
3 My school days were the time when I was happiest.  
4 George is the man whose girlfriend is an actress.  
5 The actor, who is from Greece, stars in the new comedy.  
6 That's the teacher I told you about.

### 8.3

### 1

1 What should I do  
2 Did I do something wrong  
3 Is this a bad time  
4 Do I need to  
5 Is it OK if I

### 2

1 b) 2 c) 3 a) 4 e) 5 d)

### 3

1 do; worry  
2 bad; in  
3 OK; better  
4 need; necessary  
5 if; were

## Consolidation

### 1

1 c) 2 a) 3 b) 4 c) 5 b) 6 c) 7 c)  
8 b) 9 a) 10 c) 11 b) 12 c) 13 c)  
14 a) 15 c)

## UNIT 9

### 9.1

### 1

1 have 2 'd known 3 become 4 hadn't  
5 would have come 6 I'd known  
7 had happened 8 would never have

### 2

1 would have booked; hadn't been  
2 would have called; 'd heard  
3 'd told; 'd have bought  
4 hadn't given; 'd have won  
5 wouldn't have gone; hadn't been  
6 'd realised; 'd have turned  
7 'd have called; 'd known  
8 hadn't left; wouldn't have been  
9 wouldn't have been; 'd gone  
10 wouldn't have gone; 'd had

### 9.2

### 1

1 brought 2 were always told 3 knew  
4 were chosen 5 've discovered  
6 've been shown 7 'm doing  
8 've being given 9 'll be given  
10 are taught

### 2

1 Julie hasn't been told about the changes yet.  
2 I'm reading a fantastic book at the moment.  
3 A new stadium is being built for the World Cup.  
4 What will be discussed at the meeting?  
5 Nobody has wished me a happy birthday today.  
6 The first successful photograph was produced by Joseph N. Niépce in 1826.  
7 English is spoken here.  
8 My car is being repaired at the moment.  
9 Vandals will be punished.  
10 Who will win the next World Cup?

### 9.3

### 1

1 fairly sure 2 definitely not 3 no  
4 can't 5 it isn't 6 a clue 7 a 8 I've

### 2

1 I'm fairly sure  
2 I have no idea  
3 It's definitely not  
4 I can't remember  
5 I'm not a hundred percent certain  
6 I haven't a clue  
7 I've forgotten  
8 I'm sure it isn't

## Consolidation

### 1

1 a) 2 c) 3 b) 4 b) 5 c) 6 c) 7 a)  
8 b) 9 a) 10 a) 11 c) 12 b)

## UNIT 10

### 10.1

### 1

1 a) 2 b) 3 b) 4 a) 5 a) 6 b) 7 b)  
8 b) 9 a) 10 b)

### 2

1 She said she had to be home before midnight.  
2 He said he'd be there.  
3 I told him I hadn't seen Chris at the party.  
4 You told me you'd go to the doctor this week.  
5 We told her we might not be able to get there on time.  
6 She asked me where the nearest bus stop was.

### 10.2

### 1

1 to pay 2 eating 3 you not to tell  
4 to get 5 us to stay 6 to listen  
7 eating 8 to hurt

### 2

1 I don't want to go back there.  
2 They've agreed to give us a loan.  
3 I'm looking forward to seeing you next month.  
4 Janet loves reading crime novels.  
5 I don't expect to hear from her soon.  
6 Phil's offered to give us a lift.  
7 She explained that it wouldn't be easy.  
8 Miriam's learning to drive at the moment.

### 3

1 She warned me not to speak to Gary.  
2 I'm very keen on playing football.  
3 Josh refused to eat his breakfast.  
4 James suggested trying the new Indian restaurant.  
5 Fiona gave up smoking last year.  
6 I don't miss being at school.  
7 I managed to get to the bank before it closed.  
8 They invited us to go fishing with them.

### 10.3

### 1

1 b) 2 f) 3 c) 4 j) 5 h) 6 a) 7 i)  
8 g) 9 e) 10 d)



## 2

1 thing 2 out 3 to 4 better 5 were  
6 Make 7 Don't 8 do 9 need  
10 forget

## 3

1 a) 2 b) 3 b) 4 b) 5 a) 6 a) 7 b)  
8 b) 9 a) 10 a)

### Consolidation

## 1

- 1 He suggested meeting at six.
- 2 If I were you, I'd change money before you travel.
- 3 He asked if I had seen Jackie the night before.
- 4 She said they'd talked about me last night.
- 5 He refused to eat it.
- 6 Do you fancy going to the cinema tonight?
- 7 I can't stand getting up early.
- 8 The most important thing is to save your work regularly.
- 9 He said he might have a problem with the project.
- 10 She offered to give me a lift.
- 11 Whatever you do, don't speak to strangers.
- 12 I need to get help.
- 13 We managed to meet the deadline.
- 14 She asked me what time I usually leave work.
- 15 Watch out for thieves.