



1 Your son has been suspended from school for two weeks for bad behaviour.

You **consider** _____ **(send)** him to a private school. **(5)**

Tell him he **had better** _____ **(improve)** his behaviour. **(9)**

5 **Despite you not** _____ **(be)** able to afford it, he spends the next three months studying at private school. However, he **doesn't enjoy** _____ **(travel)** three hours a day.

You pay for another year of school and hope he gets used to the travelling. **(7)**

You send him to a boarding school instead. **(8)**

9 It doesn't improve and he gets expelled from school. No other state school is **prepared** _____ **(take)** him.

You send him to a private day school far away from your home. **(5)**

You send him to a boarding school so he **doesn't have to** _____ **(travel)**. **(8)**

13 **Try** _____ **(get)** him interested in culture and take him to museums, galleries and the theatre. **(15)**

Do some sport together. Try golf, you play and you never know he **might** _____ **(like)** it. **(12)**

17 The psychologist thinks there is not so much wrong with your son. She **suggests** _____ **(do)** a couple of things.

Painting and you send him to art classes. **(14)**

Spending more time _____ **(do)** things together as a family. **(13)**

2 Your son says it was the worst experience of his life and **will never** _____ **(forgive)** you. He goes back to his old school unhappier than he was before. **(1)**

6 This is a disaster. He never **wants** _____ **(play)** his guitar and he's rude to his guitar teacher.

You think **it's better** _____ **(sell)** the guitar and use the money for something else. Perhaps buying a set of golf clubs? **(12)**

Send him to art classes. **(14)**

10 He doesn't and runs away. The police find him one week later. This was terrible, you were really worried and **promise not** _____ **(send)** him away again. He goes back to his first school. **(4)**

14 He really **likes** _____ **(paint)** and **enjoys** _____ **(be able to)** express himself. He also makes some new friends in the class.

You send him on a two week painting course in the summer holidays. **(16)**

You don't approve of his new friends and think he should try something else but this time with his family. **(13)**

18 The summer camp **is like** _____ **(be)** in the military and is very strict. Your son phones you every day pleading to come home.

Let him come home. **(2)**

Make him _____ **(stay)** until the end. **(19)**

3 Choose a hobby: _____ **(play)** guitar might be a nice idea for him. Buy him an electric guitar and pay for lessons. **(6)**

_____ **(attend)** art classes. He was quite good at drawing when he was younger. **(14)**

7 Success! He seems to be doing better at school and his teachers see an improvement in his behaviour.

You **intend** _____ **(continue)** sending him to this school. **(11)**

You send him back to his old (local) school now his behaviour is better. You can also save money! **(4)**

11 Unfortunately, you lose your job and you really **can't afford** _____ **(spend)** money on private education. Send him back to his old school. **(4)**

15 He's not interested and spends most of the time **complaining about** _____ **(be)** bored and talking on his mobile phone.

Either go back to **(13)**

or, try a camp in US for badly behaved children _____ **(make)** him realise how lucky he is and hopefully change him. **(18)**

19 Bad decision. He gets really angry and is **accused of** _____ **(attack)** one of the organisers. He spends two months in a prison for young offenders in the USA. You send him back to his old school when he gets back. **(1)**

4 He goes back to his old school but it's time to try something different.

Arrange for him _____ **(see)** a psychologist **(17)**

Try and get him **interested in** _____ **(do)** something new, help him find a hobby perhaps? **(3)**

8 OK, there isn't any travelling but he really hates boarding school and becomes really quiet and withdrawn.

You **would rather** see him _____ **(behave)** badly than being so depressed. You send him back to his old private school. **(11)**

You **expect him** _____ **(get)** used to it. **(10)**

12 He's really **good at** _____ **(play)** golf and as you **used** _____ **(play)** too you can spend time with him. You buy him expensive clubs and private lessons.

You don't want to spoil him so you send him to a US camp for problem kids for one month. **(18)**

You send him to a golf camp in the US resort and hope he behaves himself. **(20)**

16 While on the course, he was arrested by the police for graffitiing. You **had to** _____ **(pay)** a fine and you think it's time he did things with his family so you can keep an eye on him. **(13)**

20 Trusting your son was a good move. He didn't get into trouble. He **continues** _____ **(play)** golf and **ends up** _____ **(play)** in tournaments and being quite successful. He has a focus and is more motivated to study. You have a happy son again!

THE END

SOLUTIONS OF GRAMMAR 8B

BAD BEHAVIOUR

1 consider sending, had better improve 2 will never forgive

3 playing guitar, attending art classes 4 arrange for him to

see, interested in doing 5 despite you not being, doesn't

enjoy travelling 6 wants to play, it's better to sell

7 intend to continue 8 see him behave, expect him to get

9 prepared to take, doesn't have to travel 10 promise not

to send 11 can't afford to spend 12 good at playing, used

to play 13 try to get, might like 14 like painting, enjoys

being able 15 complaining about being, to make

16 had to pay 17 suggest doing, spending more time doing

18 is like being, make him stay 19 accused of attacking

20 continues to play/playing, ends up playing